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# The *UNIVERSAL SPECTATOR*, AND WEEKLY JOURNAL.

By **Henry Stonecastle**, of *Lincoln's-Inn*, *Esq*;

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*To the* AUTHOR *of the* UNIVERSAL SPECTATOR.

SIR,

IN Imitation of your illustrious Predeceſſor, you have ſometimes given us a *poetical Miſcellany*, and in Imitation likewiſe of his Saturday's Lucubrations, you have now and then favour'd the religious Part of your Readers with *a Lecture of Piety*.

Tho' I would not preſume, in this very *delicate* Age, to call upon you for *one Paper in ſix* of this Turn, which the Publick could very well bear in the Days of your ſaid Predeceſſor; yet methinks you might at leaſt afford us *three ſuch Papers in a Year*, at the three grand annual Feſtivals of the Church. I know you have ſometimes laid hold of, and improv'd *thoſe Occaſions*, and therefore I am the more ſurpriſed when I ſee you paſs them over.

If you will condeſcend to *attone* for theſe Omiſſions, and can at the ſame time think that what I ſend you incloſed will bear the Reading, I ſhall furniſh you with Matter for *two* or *three Miſcellanies*, that will be both *paſtoral* and *pious*. The Pieces were written by a Brother of mine who died very young, and, how much ſoever they may fail in Beauty of *Compoſition*, were, I am perſuaded, the *genuine Over-flowings* of a devout Heart. Mr. ADDISON did not think the *Paraphraſe of a Pſalm* an improper Subject for *his* Spectator, and therefore I hope a *Chriſtian Imitation* of *Horace*, or the *natural Breathings* of a Soul that pants after God, will not be denied a Place in *Yours*.

I am, &c.

EUSEBIUS.

*The* CHRISTIAN HERO. *Partly an Imitation of* HORACE's Integer Vitæ.

I.

BLeſs'd in Himſelf, no Dangers move
The Man whoſe Heart is fix'd above;
Not ſavage Man, nor ſavage Beaſt
Can drive Serenеneſs from his Breaſt.

II.

By *Lybian* Sands, or *Scythian* Snows,
He may be ſcorch'd, he may be froze:
His Virtue ſhall ſuperior ſhine
In ev'ry Clime, from Pole to Line.

III.

If He an *Indian* Voyage tries,
Or ſails beneath *Hibernian* Skies,
Tho' Boreas rave, and Billows roul,
Calm and ſecure remains his Soul.

IV.

Thus THERON lives, the Juſt and Good:
What Shocks the *Hero* lately ſtood!
Tho' pow'rful Spite againſt him roſe,
Yet THERON durſt the World oppoſe.

V.

The Godlike Man maintain'd the Field:
His Foes the Godlike Man beheld,
And from th' unequal Strife retreat,
Owning his Soul a Match too great.

VI.

In Him the ſame ſweet Temper reigns,
With Loſſes try'd, or worn with Pains:
Heav'n took the Partner of his Yoke;
He murmur'd not,—but thus he ſpoke.

VII.

'When I receiv'd her to my Side,
'I look'd for no immortal Bride:
'E'er long I knew a Change like This
'From Her, or Me, would ſnatch our Bliſs.

VIII.

'Should He who gave the Stroke extend,
'And leave me nor Eſtate nor Friend,
'The Loſs on me would lightly fall;
'The Diſappointment—not at all.

IX.

'Nay, were I from my Country toſt,
'And left on Earth's remoteſt Coaſt,
'A quiet Conſcience, purg'd from Sin,
'Should yield me ſolid Peace within.

*To Himſelf, upon his Birth-Day.*

I.

ONCE more has the obedient Sun
His annual Courſe of Duty run,
Since to thy Years thou addeſt one.

II.

To make the Number more compleat,
He bids Thee, CHARLES, the Change repeat,
And to th' Account one other ſet.

III.

Four finiſh'd Luſtres now are thine,
And Thou to Manhood doſt incline:
But—what a Child in Things divine!

IV.

So oft' has the revolving Year
Whiſper'd thy Duty in thy Ear?
And haſt thou ſtill refus'd to hear?

V.

To no good Purpoſe wert thou born?
Thy Heart did nothing ever warn
Thy Life with Virtues to adorn?

VI.

Within Thee does no Witneſs riſe
To Him who dwells above the Skies,
Looks down, and ſays, 'Young Man, be wiſe!'

VII.

Or doſt Thou not convicted ſtand,
That Heav'n and Conſcience both command,
While, careleſs, Thou withold'ſt thy Hand?

VIII.

Has God ſo long indulgent been,
Haſt Thou ſo many Winters ſeen,
And is thy Work ſtill to begin?

IX.

Or if begun, how ſlow the Pace!
What ſmall Reſemblance of a Race!
What poor Improvements of thy Grace!

X.

How often has the teeming Earth
With ripen'd Sheaves recal'd our Mirth,
Unfelt by Thee thy ſecond Birth!

XI.

Does not thy growing Stature tell
Thy Goodneſs ſhould advance as well?
That this Year ſhould the laſt excell?

XII.

Does not the Grave this Doctrine teach,
Whoſe op'ning Mouth does daily preach,
And warn Thee, Thou are on her Beach?

XIII.

Ten Thouſand now her Priſ'ners are,
Who late than Thee were healthier far;
And thou muſt ſoon their Portion ſhare.

XIV.

Thou muſt depart; nor art Thou ſure
Thou ſhalt enjoy a Birth-Day more;—
And wilt Thou ſtill remain ſecure?

XV.

Shake off this dull unactive Frame!
Let Heav'nly Views thy Heart inflame!
Then Death ſhall never bring Thee Shame.

XVI.

Then ſhall thy Days glide gently by;
Nor wilt Thou, when thy End is nigh,
Or grudge to live, or fear to die.

*A Morning Thought.*

I.

SOON as th' Etherial Lamp of Day
Diſpels the Shades of Night away,
With Notes redoubling as they riſe,
The tuneful Lark aſcends the Skies:

II.

Whence, e'er the yet but dawning Light
Reveals his Subſtance to the Sight;
His joyous Songs aloud declare
What baſe ungrateful Things We are.

III.

What! ſhall the Birds their Voices raiſe,
And I neglect my Maker's Praiſe?
When did my drowſy Thoughts ariſe
To pay ſuch early Sacrifice?

IV.

Do not my Mercies far exceed
What Providence for Theſe decreed?
To Them their Food alone is giv'n;
To Me, a Soul, and Hopes of Heav'n!

V.

Awake betimes my ſlothful Pow'rs!
Prevent each Morn the flying Hours!
Elſe how, hereafter, will ye join
In Hymns eternally divine?

*The Divine Majeſty.*

I.

MY Soul, indulge a ſerious Frame!
The Muſe is touch'd with ſacred Flame:
To Heav'n her Tow'ring Thoughts aſpire;
To Heav'n's Dread King ſhe tunes her Lyre.

II.

Behold the high tremendous God,
With Worlds obedient to his Nod!
Inceſſant Glories from his Throne
Effulge, and ſpeak th' Almighty One.

III.

See where his Stores of Thunder lie!
Whence, at his Word, they dreadful fly.
See where the Streams of Mercy flow
On all his faithful Sons below!

IV.

See at his Feet th' adoring Croud!
While a kind intercepting Cloud
Softens the fiercer Beams of Light,
Elſe for Angel's Eye too bright.

V.

Obſequious to his Will they move,
On Wings of Duty, Zeal, and Love;
To tell, by Signs, of Judgments near,
Or, to his Breaſt his Children bear.

VI.

In Songs of never-ceaſing Praiſe
Hear all the Hoſt their Voices raiſe!
Eternal, Holy, Good, and Great,
Ten Thouſand Tongues at once repeat.

VII.

Where the Redeem'd on Thrones are plac'd,
Each with a Crown of Glory grac'd,
Loud Harps return from ev'ry Seat,
Eternal, Holy, Good, and Great.

VIII.

Sun, Moon, and Stars, which roll on high,
Creatures that ſwim, or creep, or fly,
Earth, Water, Air, and Cold, and Heat,
Proclaim th' Eternal, Good, and Great.

IX.

Man, more untun'd than Bird or Beaſt,
Let greater Goodneſs warm thy Breaſt;
Make Thou the Harmony more compleat,
And ſing th' Eternal, Good, and Great.

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

*Petersbourg, May* 18. The King of Poland's Minister at this Court has represented, 'That his Polish Majesty 'could not but be extremely surpriz'd at the King of 'Prussia's threatening the Saxon Territories with an Invasion, on Account of the Saxon Troops which he is 'oblig'd by Treaties to join to those of the Queen of 'Hungary: That all Europe knows that those Troops 'are to act only in Quality of Auxiliaries; and therefore, his Polish Majesty depended on the Empress's 'Assistance, in Case the Invasion which his Electorate 'is threaten'd with should take Place.' Her Imperial Majesty has order'd proper Representations to be made to the Court of Berlin on this Head.

*Turin, May* 20. By all Appearances the Campaign will be speedily open'd. Part of the Troops are marching towards Aqui, and the rest towards Garastio and Ragnasco. The King is to have 35,000 regular Troops in the Field, besides 10,000 Men made up of Independent Companies. The King will march with his Army towards Novi, and the Prince Royal is to have the Command of the Camp of Aqui. We expect every Hour the News of an Action between the Spaniards on the Side of Onegli, and the Corps under General Sinzari, to whom his Majesty has given *Carte blanche*.

*Turin, May* 24. Count Gage's Army is actually canton'd in the Suburbs of Genoa and the adjacent Villages; the Infant Don Philip's Army lies between Albenga and Final; the French Troops under Marshal Maillebois lie between Villafranca and Monaco; the King's Army is posted on the Frontiers of the State of Genoa; and Prince Lobkowitz's Army, which is about 20,000 strong, encamps between Parma and Placentia. Such is the present Position of all the Armies on this Side.

*Turin, May* 26. The King has again assur'd all his Allies, that let what will happen, he will never swerve from the Engagements he has contracted with them. His Majesty has just made a great Promotion of General Officers.

*Genoa, May* 22. It no longer apppears doubtful that the Republick will join forthwith a Body of 12000 of her Troops to the Spanish Army under the Denomination of Auxiliaries, observing in other Respects a Neutrality between the Powers at War, as some other States actually do. The Army under Count Gage continues its March through the Territories of this Republick, in order to advance towards Seravalle, and penetrate from thence into the Milaneze. Two English Squadrons, each consisting of five or six Men of War, are actually cruizing along the Coast, off Albenga and Vado; they have some Fire Ships and Bomb Ketches with them. The Government omits nothing to secure this City against any Insult: Four new Batteries have been erected on our Ramparts. The British Consul continues to talk in the menacing Strain, but we reckon ourselves safe enough at present.

*From the Austrian Camp at Landshut on the Frontiers of Silesia, May* 28.

Prince Charles having made the proper Dispositions for penetrating into Silesia by the Gorges of Hansdorff and Landshut, the Van Guard of his Army began their March the 25th Instant, in order to attempt the Passage at this last Place; but the next Morning, as they drew near it, they heard that the Prussians had just abandon'd this important Post; upon which our Troops immediately took Possession of it. Yesterday Morning, at Break of Day, the Van Guard filed through that Passage, and enter'd the Lower Silesia: The rest of our Army follow'd this Day. The Croats, Pandoures, and Warasdins of our Van Guard have began to spread themselves in the Principalities of Schweidnitz and Munsterberg, and make Incursions even up to the Gates of Neiss. The Body of Saxons is marching to join our Army.

*Munich, May* 30. The Elector Palatine's Minister set out Yesterday on his Return home. The King of Prussia's Minister is likewise called home, and will set out in seven or eight Days. The Count del Bene, the Spanish Minister, is also preparing for his Departure.

It is reported that a Body of 6000 Bavarian Troops are to be taken into the Service of the House of Austria, and we also talk of a Match between the Elector our Sovereign, and the Princess Mary Anne of Saxony.

*Magdebourg, June* 1. The Troops assembled in this Dutchy amount to 20,000 Men: They are as yet canton'd, but keep in readiness to march into Saxony the Moment Advice comes that the Saxon Troops have enter'd Silesia with Prince Charles of Lorrain.

*Hanover, June* 1. The King was blooded the 30th of last Month by way of Precaution, and is now as well as can be wish'd. His Majesty applies himself with great Assiduity to the several Objects that have required their Presence in Germany. The King proposes to change the Face of Affairs, not only by the way of Negotiation, but also by the most vigorous Operations in the Field; for which Purpose it is likely enough that his Majesty may go and take upon him the Command of the Army of the Allies on the Rhine, after it has been join'd by the Veldt Marshal Count Traun's Army.

*Breslau, June* 2. Upon Advice the King receiv'd of the Dispositions making by Prince Charles to penetrate into Silesia by the Gorges in the Principality of Schweidnitz, his Majesty, who had assembled his Troops in the Neighbourhood of Franckenstein, march'd forward the 27th of last Month, and encamp'd his Army with the Left to Reichenbach, the Center at Leutmansdorff, and the Right extending towards Schweidnitz: In this Position it was join'd by the Body of Troops which the Margrave Charles brought out of the Upper Silesia. The 30th News was brought to the King's Quarters, that the Austrians had enter'd by the Gorge of Landshut, after the Prussian Detachment, which was in that Post, had evacuated it in order to join the Army. His Majesty remain'd the 31st of May and Yesterday in the same Position. The Enemy continued to file through that Gorge into the Plain those two Days. We have just receiv'd Advice that the King made a Motion Yesterday in the Afternoon towards the Right; so that we expect every Hour the News of an Action.

The Veldt Marshal Bodenbroek, Governor of this City, set out a few Days since for the Army, where he is to command immmediately under the King. His Majesty, in order to express his Satisfaction at the Bravery of the Officers of Prince Lewis of Wirtenberg's Regiment of Dragoons in the late Engagement near Neustadt, has made them all Knights of the Order of *Merit*.

*Heidelberg, June* 2. The French Troops that were marching from the Lower Rhine towards the Neckar, have receiv'd counter Orders; and this Moment we have got Advice, that the Troops which were under the Command of the Count de Segur are passing the Neckar, in order to go towards Aschaffenbourg on the Main, because the Marshal Traun's Army seems to take that Route.

*From the French Camp under Tournay, June* 3.

The Siege goes on briskly, and according to the Report of the Deserters we have kill'd abundance of Men in the Garrison by our Bombs and red-hot Balls. Last Night we set the Miner to the Counterscarp.

*Francfort, June* 3. Baron Erthal and the Chancellor Benzel, the second and third Embassadors to the Dyet from the Elector of Mentz, arriv'd here the 29th of last Month. As yet no Embassadors are come from the Electors of Cologne, Trlers and Bavaria.

The French continue to make various Motions: One Day they pass the Mayn, and repass it the next: The Marquess de la Fare has remov'd his Quarters from Nierstein to Florsheim.

The Prince of Conti is gone from Heidelberg to Wimpfer on the Neckar, where the French Army is assembled. His Serene Highness still appears resolv'd to oppose the Passage of the Veldt Marshal Count Traun.

*Francfort, June* 6. The Troops which the Prince of Conti had detach'd towards the Neckar, have stopt short, and are now arriv'd in the Neighbourhood of Darmstadt, where the Prince has join'd. It appears that his Serene Highness's Design is to go to Aschaffenbourg on the Main, and from thence to Werseim, or else to Mergentheim, in order to oppose the Passage of the Army under the Command of Count Traun; but we are assur'd that the Austrians have gain'd some Marches upon the French. The Head Quarters of the latter are at Diebourgh on the Frontiers of Odenwalt, a little District of the Palatinate of the Rhine, between the Neckar and the County of Erpach.

The 1st Instant having been fix'd for opening the Dyet of Election, the Elector of Mentz's two Embassadors appear'd that Day in publick with the usual Ceremonies, and the next Day a Conference was held between the electoral Ministers.

*Cologne, June* 8. The Army of the Allies under Count Bathiani resum'd their March the 4th Instant, arriv'd the next Day at Gutzeil, and reach'd Ober-Eleven the 6th. They actually take the Route of the Country of Hesse, where the Army under Count Traun is to meet them, and we reckon the Junction may be made the 12th Instant.

*Brussels, June* 3. The first Instant the French began again to batter the Citadel of Tournay with 200 Pieces of Cannon and 40 Mortars: The Besieg'd also make a very brisk Fire on the Enemy. The Army of the Allies is still in the same Camp near Lessines; but it is reported that it has been unanimously resolv'd in a grand Council of War to pass the Scheld near Oudenard, and attack the French Army, and so either raise the Siege of the Citadel of Tournay, or be beaten again. By means of the Reinforcements the Army has receiv'd from England and Holland, it is now about 50,000 strong.

*Brussels, June* 7. Count Kaunitz has receiv'd an Express from London, with the King of Great Britain's Resolution concerning the March of a Body of 8000 of the Queen's Troops, which his Majesty takes into his Pay. It is thought these 8000 Men will be drawn from the Dutchy of Luxembourg.

*Courtrai, June* 5. In consequence of the Orders which the Commandant of the Citadel of Tournay receiv'd from their High Mightinesses to make a vigorous Defence, the Cannon of that Fortress began to fire the first Instant, early in the Morning, and about Ten o'Clock the Enemy answer'd it from several Batteries, which they had kept in readiness to play. According to the Report of Deserters, the Enemy throw more Bombs and red-hot Balls into the Citadel than against the Fortifications, with a View to destroy the Garrison, rather than to ruin the Works. The Commandant has turn'd out the Horses of three Squadrons, and likewise refused the Women, the Sick and Wounded, Admittance into the Citadel. The third Instant the Commandant made a very brisk Sally early in the Morning, and nail'd up four of the Enemy's Mortars, besides killing them a great many Men. Yesterday the Garrison made another Sally, by which the Besiegers sustain'd a greater Loss than in that of the third, several Hundreds of them having been blown up by a Mine; so that they desired a Suspension of Arms for some Hours, in order to withdraw the Wounded, and bury the Dead. The Garrison continues to make a brave Defence, and the Enemy's Fire is very much slacken'd since the second Sally: We are even assur'd that the French, seeing the Commandant bent on defending the Citadel to the last Extremity, have resolv'd to carry on the Siege by Sap, in order to spare their Troops. If this be their Resolution, the Siege may last a long while, as the Garrison is well provided with Warlike Stores and Provisions.

*Aeth, June* 6. Last Saturday the Sentence of the Court Martial was proclaim'd against a Colonel, a Major, and several other Officers of a Dutch Regiment of Dragoons, for having been the first that resolv'd to retreat in the Battle of the 11th of last Month, which they did in such Haste that they were under the Cannon of this Town the same Afternoon: They are cashir'd, and declar'd incapable of ever holding any Military Employment. An Officer in the French Army, a Native of Ireland, who serv'd as a Spy to the Enemy, has been hang'd in the English Camp. The Army of the Allies is still at Lessines, but it is thought that it will soon make some Motion, after it has receiv'd the Reinforcements that are yet expected. The Citadel of Tournay still makes a vigorous Defence, but we hear that Baron Dorth, the Commandant, lies dangerously ill.

*Hambourg, June* 1. According to the last Advices from Copenhagen, the Negotiation that had been set on Foot by the Court of London for taking a Body of Danish Troops into the Pay of Great Britain, is entirely broke off; and they add, that M. Bernstorff, the Danish Minister at the French Court, has receiv'd Orders to declare, that the King his Master will do nothing inconsistent with the Engagements subsisting between him and his Most Christian Majesty.

*Hambourg, June* 8. This Morning arriv'd a Courier from the Swedish Minister at Berlin to the Swedish Agent in this City, with Advice, that on the 4th Instant a very bloody Battle was fought between the Combin'd Army of Saxons and Austrians, and that of the King of Prussia, near Schweidnitz in Silesia; wherein the former had several thousand Men kill'd and 5000 taken Prisoners. The Prussians also took 35 Pieces of Cannon and a great many Standards, Colours and Kettle-Drums. The Loss of the Prussians is computed, by themselves, at 1200 Men, among whom are General Trusches and the Veldt Marshal Brodenbroek. This Afternoon a Passenger from Berlin arriv'd here, who confirms the above Account, and says that on the 5th Instant, which was the Day he left that City, 16 Postillions arriv'd there, blowing their Horns, with the News of this great Victory. This Passenger adds, that General Nadasti was advanced towards Glogau with a Body of 10,000 Men, in order to make a Diversion in favour of the Austrian Grand Army.

*Hague, June* 7. The Prince of Waldeck has dispatch'd a Courier to the States General, to desire their High Mightinesses Consent for taking into their Service several Bodies of Hussars and other Light Troops, as being ab-

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ſolutely neceſſary to oppoſe the ſame ſort of Troops which the French have in the Field: Upon which the States General have ſent the Prince Word, that he is free to do what he thinks beſt in this Reſpect for the Service of the Army. The ſame Courier brought Advice of the Diſpoſition made for the future March of the Confederate Army, which will be order'd ſo as to continue to cover Flanders and Brabant at the ſame time.

The Earl of Harrington, who paſs'd through this Place in his Way to Hanover, is, it's ſaid, to go afterwards to divers Courts in Germany, to enter into Treaties for taking 25,000 more Troops into Britiſh Pay. The laſt Letters from Caſſel bring, that Prince William was very ſenſibly affected upon hearing that the Heſſian Troops were reduced to a Neceſſity of laying down their Arms.

*Hague, June* 10. We have Advice from very good Hands, that Count Bathiani is not yet arriv'd at the Army on the lower Rhine, but lies ill at Wurtzbourg.

*From the London Gazette.*

*Vienna, June* 2. We hear from Sileſia, that Colonel Bucow, Lieutenant-Colonel de Dolne, and Baron St. Ivary, having reſolv'd to attack the Town of Koſel, march'd upon the 26th paſt from Schonbrun towards that Place, where the Troops under their Command arriv'd at Two o'Clock in the Morning. Twelve Pandoures preſently after leap'd into the Ditches before the Town, which were 50 Feet broad, waded through them with the Water up to their Middle, and were immediately follow'd by 200 Pandoures more, and ſome other Troops. The Centinel thereupon fir'd his Piece, and the Picquet and the Round, who were paſſing by, came up, but they could not prevent the Pandoures from aſſiſting each other in their Attempts to mount the Ramparts, which were encompaſs'd with Trees. Soon after they made themſelves Maſters of a Battery of five Pieces of Cannon, one of which they turn'd, and diſcharg'd againſt the Town. The Enemy made a furious Fire from a neighbouring Battery, but a Lieutenant of Pandoures having ſlipt into the inward Works with a few Men, and having attack'd the Enemy in Flank, and the reſt of the Troops alſo advancing Sword in Hand, they were oblig'd to retire into the Town. In the mean while Colonel de Dolne having caus'd a Party of his Men to get upon the Redoubt without, they cut down the Gates with Hatchets, and forced their Way into the Town, whereupon the Garriſon was oblig'd to ſurrender Priſoners at Diſcretion. This Action, from Beginning to End, laſted only an Hour and Half. We had ten Men kill'd, and but very few wounded; amongſt the laſt are Colonel St. Ivary, and the Captain-Lieutenant Trenk. But the Enemy had above ſixty kill'd, amongſt whom were the Commandant, a Colonel, and a Captain, beſides ſeveral other Officers, and a great Number of private Men wounded. Amongſt the Priſoners are 19 Officers and 400 common Soldiers. We found 27 Pieces of Cannon upon the Ramparts, ten of which were Braſs, and quite new; the greateſt Part of them are twelve Pounders. We alſo took above 100 Carriages laden with Ammunition, and a conſiderable Magazin. The whole Combin'd Army of Auſtrians and Saxons were to rendezvous on the 30th paſt at Landſhut. The Moſles to be paſs'd, might, it is thought here, have been defended by 15,000 Men againſt any Force whatever; and this Court, as well as Prince Charles, had been in great Pain for ſome Days for the Succeſs of the Enterprize, eſpecially as Count Nadaſti, with the moſt advanced Guard, had been oblig'd to retire with the Loſs of 200 Men a few Days before. But this was the firſt and laſt Effort made by the Pruſſians for preventing the Entry into Sileſia. From Landſhut there are Deſcents, but not difficult, which lead either to Sweidnitz or Jauer. The Pruſſians were ſtill at Sweidnitz, but would, it was ſuppos'd, retire to Lignitz, to which laſt Place there is but above one March from Jauer.

## PLANTATION NEWS

*Philadelphia, April* 5. By Letters from St. Kit's we learn, that the Iſland of St. Martin was taken by ſeven Sail of French Privateers; and that Admiral Davers was arriv'd there with the Fleet from England, who, upon receiving the General's Expreſs, order'd the Privateers that were there to go with ſome of the Men of War to retake it.

## IRELAND.

*Dublin, May* 25. Letters from Kinſale, dated the 21ſt inſtant, adviſe, that his Majeſty's Ship the Sapire, 40 Guns, the Honourable Auguſtus Kepple, Commander, returning from a Cruize, met with a Privateer, which ſhe took about four Hours before ſhe came in, not above ten Leagues from the Old Head of Kinſale. She is call'd the Superb, late of Bilboa, 16 Guns and 150 Men; ſhe ſails extremely well, having made a running Fight for ſome time, and had her Fore-Top-Gallant-Maſt carried away by a Shot, but not a Man kill'd or wounded on either Side. She had been out about a Month from Bilboa, in which time ſhe had taken a Veſſel from Biddeford, bound for Newfoundland, and ſent her into Spain.

*Dublin, May* 28. Laſt Friday died the Hon. John Titchborne, Eſq; Governor of Charlemont, Brother to the late Lord Ferrard.

Laſt Saturday Morning died at Stillorgan, the Right Hon. John Lord Viſcount Allen. His Lordſhip had the Misfortune to be inſulted on Friday the 26th Day of April laſt at Night by three Dragoons, in Euſtace-Street, at which Time his Lordſhip receiv'd a Wound on the Hand with a broad Sword from one of them, which threw him into a Fever, and was the Cauſe of his Death; one of the ſaid Dragoons receiv'd a Shot in his Breaſt in the Fray, of which Wound he died, and the other two are confin'd. He is ſucceed by his Couſin German, John Allen, Eſq; now the Right Hon. John Lord Viſcount Allen.

And on Sunday the Coroner's Inqueſt ſat on the Body of his Lordſhip, and brought in their Verdict Manſlaughter at large.

## LONDON.

An Order is iſſued out for the Officers and Company of the Train of Artillery at Woolwich to be doubled, ſo that a ſufficient Number may be draughted out on any emergent Occaſion.

Orders are iſſued out by the Lords of the Admiralty for 100 Marines to go on board every Ship of the Line, excluſive of their Complement of Seamen.

We hear that the Court Marſhal for the Trial of the Admirals Matthews and Leſtock, &c. will be held at Spithead on Thurſday the 20th Inſtant.

Monday Morning the Lady of the Right Hon. the Earl of Dalkeith (Son to his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh) was ſafely deliver'd of a Son and Heir, at his Houſe in Bruton-Street, to the great Joy of that noble Family.

Thurſday ſe'nnight William Clayton, Eſq; Repreſentative in Parliament for Eletchingly in Surrey, was married at Carſhalton to Miſs Ward, Daughter of John Ward, of Weſtram in Kent, Eſq; a beautiful young Lady with a Fortune of 30,000 l.

Monday Morning died, at Copt-Hall on Epping-Foreſt, Eſſex, the Lady of Edward Conyers, Eſq; eldeſt Son of Sir Edward Conyers, Knt. and Nephew to Sir Gerard Conyers, formerly Lord Mayor of this City.

Laſt Week the Right Hon. the Earl of Warrington preſented the Rev. Mr. Hugh Robinſon to the Vicarage of Aſhley, in the Dioceſe of Cheſter, void by the Death of the laſt Incumbent.

We hear from Litchfield in Staffordſhire, that at a Juſtices Meeting there laſt Thurſday, at the Welch Harp, they preſs'd for a Soldier one Tolly, a noted Methodiſt Preacher: He appear'd in a decent dark-gray Suit of Cloaths; ſeveral of his deluded Flowers, of both Sex, attended, and pretended that he was a learned holy Man; but upon Examination he appear'd to be only a Journeyman Joyner, and as he and others of his Calling had done great Miſchief amongſt the poor Colliers and Iron Manufacturers of thoſe Parts, the Juſtices (like worthy Magiſtrates) turn'd him over to the attending Officer, who immediately coupled him to a ſturdy Tinker and ſent him to Stafford Gaol for ſafe Cuſtody. This Man, who is a brawny able Fellow, was preſs'd once before, as his Followers acknowledge, and that it coſt them 40 l. to buy him off; and they had then the Impudence to ſay that they would have him off again, and ſeem'd to ſet very light by what the Juſtices had done; but if his Majeſty's Miniſters and Officers knew what Miſchief ſuch Wretches do amongſt the good Subjects, what Incendiaries they are in a Country, and what Deſtruction they bring upon Families, they would ſurely withſtand the Golden Bait, and make ſuch Men fight as well as pray.

About Eight o'Clock on Sunday Morning laſt Mr. Hardland, a young Gentleman belonging to the Cuſtom-Houſe, and only Son of Mr. Hardland, a Linnen-draper in Whitechapel, fell from his Horſe about 200 Yards on this Side the Half Way Houſe to Rumford, and diſlocated his Neck: A Gentleman in his Company diſmounted and ſet it right, and he was carry'd to the Half-Way Houſe; but tho' all imaginable Care was taken of him, and a Surgeon immediately ſent for from Stratford, who bled him, he never ſpoke after his Fall, and died about Five o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Monday Thomas Robinſon, who keeps the Sign of the Coach and Horſes Alehouſe in Shugg-Lane, and John Ford a Butcher in Brewers-Street, were both committed for farther Examination to the Gatehouſe by Sir Thomas De Veil, for publiſhing and putting off a Draught upon Meſſ. Abraham and Samuel Dean, Bankers in Lombard-Street, for 20 l 7 s. knowing the ſame to be falſe, forg'd and counterfeited, contrary to the Statute in that Caſe made and provided, which Draught was ſign'd John Anderſon; by means of which they feloniouſly receiv'd the ſaid 20 l. 7 s. in Goods and Money, which Mr. Bates, at the Red Cow in Smithfield, paid to the ſaid Butcher; in Money 14 l. 13 s. and ſix Sheep, at 19 s. each, of which he was defrauded.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight the eight following Malefactors receiv'd Sentence of Death at the Old Baily, viz.

Benjamin Stevens, a Shoemaker, for the Murder of his Wife, by ſtabbing her in the Breaſt with his Cutting-Knife.

John Symmons, for being at large in Great Britain before the Expiration of the Term of ſeven Years, for which he was order'd to be tranſported, at Abington Aſſizes, about three Years ago, who was committed by the Name of Burgeſs, for aſſaulting and wounding ſome of the Watchmen of Portſoken Ward.

Margaret Greenaway and Anne Ruſh, (two of the Black Boy Alley Gang, for aſſaulting George Thorn near the Fleet-Market, and robbing him of his Hat, and eight Shillings in Money.

Jeremiah Burton, for privately ſtealing a Silver Watch from the Perſon of Richard Brown.

John Jeffs, Richard Horton, otherwiſe Toſs-off-Dick, and Joſeph Lucas, alias Ninn, for breaking open the Dwelling-houſe of Thomas Chitty, and ſtealing a conſiderable Quantity of Wearing Apparel.

The Court adjourn'd 'till Wedneſday the 10th of July next.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight arriv'd an Expreſs from Briſtol, diſpatch'd from thence on Thurſday ſe'nnight, with an Account that Capt. Walker, in the Boſcawen Privateer, of Dartmouth; and Capt. Furnell, in the Sheerneſs Privateer, of Briſtol, were juſt arriv'd there; that they met, in Lat. 47, with a Fleet of eight Ships from Martinico, which Place they left the 5th of April, bound to France; and as Capt. Walker was ahead of the Sheerneſs, he engag'd them immediately; the Frenchmen obſerving this, form'd themſelves in Line of Battle, and the Engagement laſted an Hour and half, in which the Boſcawen had but one Man kill'd and ſix wounded: Capt. Walker ſunk one of the Frenchmen, out of whoſe Crew only 17 Men were ſav'd: During the Action, which was very ſharp, the Sheerneſs came up, and the French had 103 Men kill'd and wounded. A Brig. and a Sloop made their Eſcape, and the five following Ships were taken, and carry'd into Briſtol, viz.

| | | *Tons* | *Guns* | *Men* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| The Duke de Guyenne, Le Bournier, | | 150 | 6 | 28 |
| The Belle Louiſe, Bruile, | —— | 280 | 18 | 65 |
| The St. Andrew, Gautier, | —— | 200 | 14 | 40 |
| The Abraham, Berthone, | —— | 300 | 18 | 84 |
| The Victory, Touloine, | —— —— | 250 | 14 | 64 |

Their Lading conſiſts of Coffee, Cotton, Sugar, &c. are very rich Ships, and had each of them Letters of Marque. The Ship that is ſunk was call'd the Young Mary, of 240 Tons, 14 Guns, and 64 Men.

They inform us from Briſtol, that the Crews of the above Ships lately carry'd in there, ſay, that the Brigantine which got off during the Engagement, (as formerly mention'd) was very rich, ſeveral of the Captains having ſent their Money on board, knowing her to be a prime Sailor. They alſo tell us, that the Captain of the Commodore of this Fleet, call'd the La Maria Pierot, which was ſunk, had on board ſome Paſſengers of Figure, with their Effects. Out of the whole Number on board, only the Captain, 16 Men and one Woman were ſav'd. The Commodore was the largeſt of the whole Fleet, and ſtruck a little time before ſhe went down, which they would have done ſooner, had not the Boſcawen ply'd her ſo faſt with her Small Arms that they could not cut down their Colours.

The Walpole, ——, from Whitehaven for Virginia, was taken by a French Privateer, and retaken off Belle-Iſle by the Greyhound Privateer, Capt. Jenkins, who drove a French Pivateer aſhore at the ſame Iſland.

A Ship call'd the Neptune, ſuppos'd to be bound from Antigua, is taken and carried into Port Louis.

The Huſſar Privateer, Capt. Holden, of London, is taken by a Squadron of French Men of War, and carry'd into Port Louis.

The Molly Snow, Doubt, from Briſtol, has been loſt going over the Bar at Bonny. The Captain is carry'd to Jamaica by the Carolina, of Liverpool.

*Extract of a Letter from Dover, May 29.*

'This Morning early a laden Collier was boarded 'near Sandgate-Caſtle, by an open Boat with nine Men, 'belonging to Bologne, who were carrying her away to 'France; when the Duke's Tender being inform'd of 'it, ſoon come up with her, and brought them both in 'here.—She proves to be a Boat formerly belonging 'to this Place, which was ſtole away by ſome French 'Priſoners from our Beach, who made their Eſcape in 'her to France.

*Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, May 31.*

'This Moment the Princeſs Louiſa, Capt. Boys, has 'ſent in here the Achilles Privateer of St. Maloe, of 22 'Guns and 145 Men. The Veſtale Privateer of the 'ſame Place is taken by the Monmouth Man of War, 'and ſent in here. Theſe Ships had been out of St. 'Malo nine Days, and two Days before there ſail'd from 'the ſame Port ſeven Sail of Privateers to the Weſtward.

*Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, dated June 1.*

'The True Briton Privateer, Capt. Dyer, Commander, 'cruiſing off the Seven Iſlands, being with her Guns 'hous'd, a French Privateer of 24 Guns, and 140 Men, 'bore down very briſk upon her, taking her for a Mer-'chantman, but perceiving her Ports as ſhe was to 'Windward, directly haul'd her Wind, and made the 'beſt ſhe could away from her, upon which Capt. Dyer 'fir'd a Shot to let her know he was an Engliſhman, 'and reſolv'd to engage, and was in chace of her, when 'the Captain and the Princeſs Louiſa Men of War 'firing a Shot to bring him to, taking him for a French 'Privateer, he told them the Ship ahead was a French 'Privateer, and they alſo gave Chace, and the Princeſs 'Louiſa being ahead, fired a Shot, and brought her to, 'and the Privateer is now brought in here.'

*From the London Gazette.*

*Whitehall, June 4.* The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint the Right Hon. John Earl of Stair, Field Marſhal of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Royal Regiment of North Britiſh Dragoons, in the Room of Sir James Campbel, Knight of the Bath, deceaſed.

——— Forbes, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel, and ——— Macdougal, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

The Right Hon. John Earl of Rothes, Major General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Regiment of Dragoons whereof the Earl of Stair was late Colonel.

Henry Skelton, Eſq; Brigadier General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Regiment of Foot whereof Scipio Duroure, Eſq; deceaſed, was late Colonel.

John Caſſeley, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel, and ——— Rainsford, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

William Douglas, Eſq; to be Colonel to the Regiment of Fuzileers whereof Henry Skelton, Eſq; was late Colonel.

——— Kendal, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

William Peter, Eſq; to be Lieutenant and Lieutenant Colonel of the Fourth Troop of Horſe Guards. And ——— Abbot, Eſq; to be Cornet and Major of the ſaid Troop.

George Kappel, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord Bury, and ——— Perry, Eſq; to be Captains.

——— Cæſar, Eſq; to be Captain Lieutenant in the Second Regiment of Foot Guards.

James Stuart, Eſq; to be Firſt Major to the Third Regiment of Foot Guards.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Penmure, to be ſecond Major to the ſaid Regiment.

The Right Hon. the Lord Cathcart; Charles Manners, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord Charles Manners; Andrew Robinſon, Eſq; and ——— Lowry, Eſq; to be Captains in the ſaid Regiment.

——— Jenkinſon, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel to the Royal Regiment of Horſe Guards.

Sir James Chamberlayn, Bart. to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

——— Webb, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel to the Regiment of Horſe commanded by Sir John Ligonier, Knight of the Bath, Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's Forces.

——— Madan, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

——— Johnſon, Eſq; to be Major to the Regiment of Dragoons commanded by Henry Hawley, Eſq; Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's Forces.

Edward Cornwallis, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel to the Regiment of Foot commanded by Thomas Bligh, Eſq;

——— Merrac, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

Edward Legard, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel to the Regiment of Foot commanded by Henry Beauclerk, Eſq; commonly call'd Lord Henry Beauclerk.

——— Beard, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

George Muir, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Colonel to the Regiment of Foot commanded by John Johnſon, Eſq; Brigadier General of his Majeſty's Forces.

——— Lacy, Eſq; to be Major to the ſaid Regiment.

——— Hickman, Eſq; to be Major to the Royal Regiment of Welch Fuzileers, commanded by John Huſke, Eſq; Major General of his Majeſty's Forces.

——— Joſſelin, Eſq; to be Major to the Regiment of Foot commanded by Philip Bragg, Eſq; Major General of his Majeſty's Forces. And

——— Carpenter, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Governor of the Iſland of Montſerrat in America.

## BANKRUPT.

John Meredith, late of the Pariſh of St. Clement Danes, in the County of Middleſex, but now or late of Garlickhill, London, Coal-Merchant and Chapman.

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*To the Subſcribers to Mr.* GILL's Expoſition of the New Teſtament: *And alſo to ſuch Perſons as intend to become Subſcribers to that* WORK.

THE firſt Number will be publiſh'd on Saturday the 17th Inſtant; and therefore all Perſons that have not yet ſubſcribed, but intend it, are deſir'd to ſend in their Names as ſoon as poſſible; either to the Author in Horſly-down-Lane, Southwark, or to Aaron Ward, at the King's-Arms in Little Britain.

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